

BLAXH500/100

Amplifier 700-900MHz Operating & Service Manual

Version 001

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Revision Number 9

S

Serial Number 9

T

Type of the product 9

General Information

1

Introduction

1.1

The BLAXH500/100 (P/N : W1345063) is a linear broadband pulse power amplifier specifically designed for Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) applications for 16 to 21 Teslas Systems.

The class AB linear amplifier provides a 500W peak power output over the frequency range 6-365MHz on the X channel output and a 100W peak power output over the frequency range 650-900MHz on the H channel output.

The amplifier is realized by employing N-CHANNEL MOS BROADBAND RF POWER FETs of the latest generation. The unit can provide full power for any combination of pulse width / duty cycle up to 100ms / 25% for the H channel and 100ms / 6% for the X500 channel. Its built-in protection circuitry will allow lower power pulses for longer pulse widths and duty cycles, maintaining a 30W X channel and a 25W H channel average power.

An electronic protection circuitry has been designed to protect against:

- Excessive power output level (overdrive)
- Excessive pulse repetition rate (over duty-cycle protection)
- Excessive pulse duration (over pulse-width)
- More than 50% reflected RF power (mismatch ≥ 6)
- Thermal overload (overheat)

The amplifier is powered by an internal switched power supply assembly that provides the 32VDC for the power amplifiers, in addition to all low level voltages for the system.

The supply is self protecting for overcurrent and overvoltage.

The entire unit is housed in a 19", 3U, 520mm rack cabinet.

System Check

1.2

Before applying power for the first time the following items should be checked:

- The AC input voltage from the Amplifier must be compatible with 176VAC to 264VAC range.
- External blanking (gating) pulses must be supplied to the amplifier in order for the unit to function. Ensure that these pulses are of proper level and logic polarity.
- The BLAXH500/100 amplifier has a nominal input level of +4dBm. Ensure that the system drivers are operating at these levels.

The following list describes how to turn on the BLAXH and what should be seen as this occurs.

Before starting this procedure, make sure that you have properly followed instructions in the "System Check" Section.

1. Connect the amplifier to the AC line and turn the circuit breaker on the front panel, to ON.
2. Observe the indicators on the front panel:
 - The +28V or +32V LEDs will illuminate
 - The +15V, -15V, and +5V LEDs will illuminate
3. System is now fully operational.

Labels

2.1

Labels are provided to alert operating and service personnel to conditions that may cause personal injury or damage to the equipment from misuse or abuse. Please read the labels and understand their meaning.

Dangerous Area

2.1.1

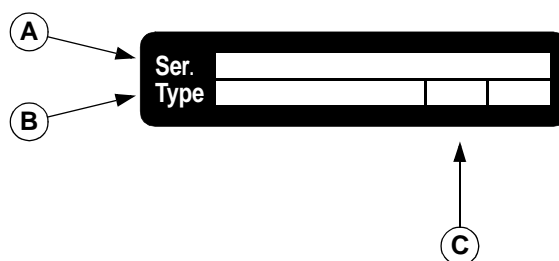
WARNING ! High Voltage.



Name Plate

2.1.2

Amplifiers BLAX serie can be identified by a name plate at the front panel of the unit which has information as follows :



- **(A) Ser.**
This line contains an assembly number which identifies the Part and the Serial number of the product.
- **(B) Type**
This line contains the designation of the product.
- **(C) Revision**
This cell indicates the revision number which identifies the product configuration. The initial revision is 00.

BLAXH500/100 Operation

3

Front Panel

3.1

The BLAXH500/100 front panel is provided with 2 x 11 indicators for status monitoring, 6 connectors, and 2 interface connectors.

Indicators

3.1.1

Normal operation is indicated when following LED's are on :

Table 3.1. Indicators

+28V (+32V) ON	Indicates that the +28V or +32V supply is applied.
+15V ON	Indicates that the +15V supply is applied.
-15V ON	Indicates that the -15V supply is applied.
+5V ON	Indicates that the +5V supply is applied.
Overdrive	Indicates when the power limit has been reached.
Duty Cycle	Indicates when the duty cycle limit has been reached.
Pulse Width	Indicates when the pulse width limit has been reached.
Mismatch	Indicates when the max. reflected power limit has been reached.
RF Power FLT	Lights ON when one of the above limits has been reached.
Overheat	Indicates that the thermistor located on the RF Module heatsink has sensed excessive heatsink temperature. All gatings are removed from the amplifier until the unit cools. The function is self-resetting and no maintenance is needed.
X500 / H100	Lights on when RF Power is present.

Table 3.2. Connectors

X / H in	RF in SMA type connectors (female). Nominal +4dBm drive to the BLAXH Serie to deliver full power.
X / H out	RF OUT N type connectors (female).
BLNKX / BLNKH	Blanking signals BNC type connector (female). TTL logic, 5V = blanking ON, 0V = blanking OFF. When BLANKING signal is at TTL level high (+5V), no gating is applied to the amplifier stages, and no RF Power is possible. When BLANKING signal is at TTL level low (0V), the amplifier stages are gated and RF Power is possible.

The Control I/O interface connections are 15 pin, D shape sub-miniature type connectors mounted on the SBS BUS Controller.

SBS BUS = Serial Bruker Spectrospin Bus

The next table shows the pinout of the master and slave connectors.

Table 3.3. RS485 pinout assignment

Pin 1	Shield
Pin 2	Transmit data line +
Pin 3	Wake up line /WUP
Pin 4	Receive data line +
Pin 5	NC
Pin 6	GND
Pin 7	GND
Pin 8	GND
Pin 9	Transmit data line
Pin 10	NC
Pin 11	Receive data line
Pin 12	NC
Pin 13	VRS (+12V)
Pin 14	VRS (+12V)
Pin 15	VRS (+12V)

Figure 3.1. BLAXH500/100 Front Panel Design

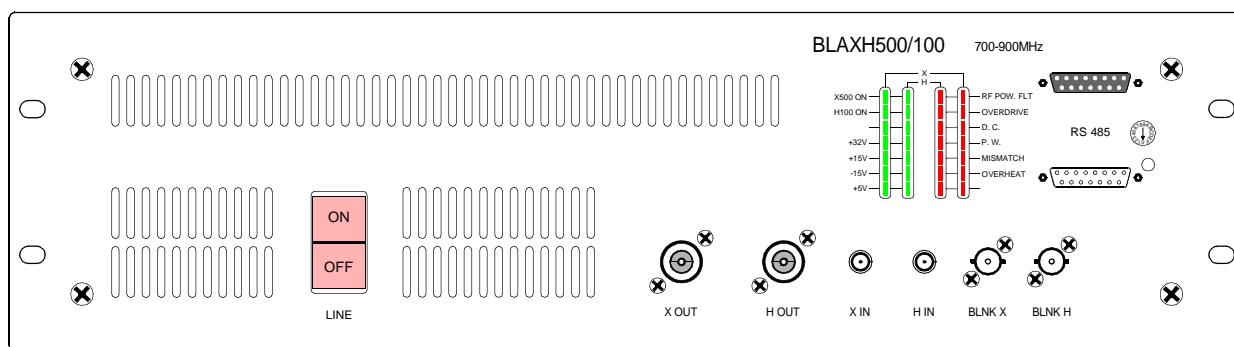


Figure 3.2. BLAXH500/100 Front Panel View



Rear Panel

3.2

The rear Panel of the BLAXH Serie Amplifiers is free of elements in exception of the three pole (2P + E) line filter socket.

Technical description

4

System Overview

4.1

The BLAXH500/100 amplifier provides a RF Output Power of 500W in the 6-365MHz frequency range, for the X channel, and a 100W RF Output Power in the 650 to 900MHz frequency range.

The RF section of the system consists of a linear module BLMXH500/100, mounted around a single, self-contained Push fan assembly, heatsink.

The linear module BLMXH500/100 includes two class AB power amplifiers. The amplifier for the H channel is located on the top side of the module, and the one for the X channel on the bottom side.

Each channel is connected to the front panel of the amplifier via a bi-directional coupler.

The entire system is tied together by a Digital Signal Processing control board, processing information from the amplifier, providing protection from excessive peak power, duty cycle and pulse width for average power, maximum reflected power and heatsink overtemperature.

Circuits such, Fan Status board, Supply Status board and LED's Status board, completes the amplifier assembly.

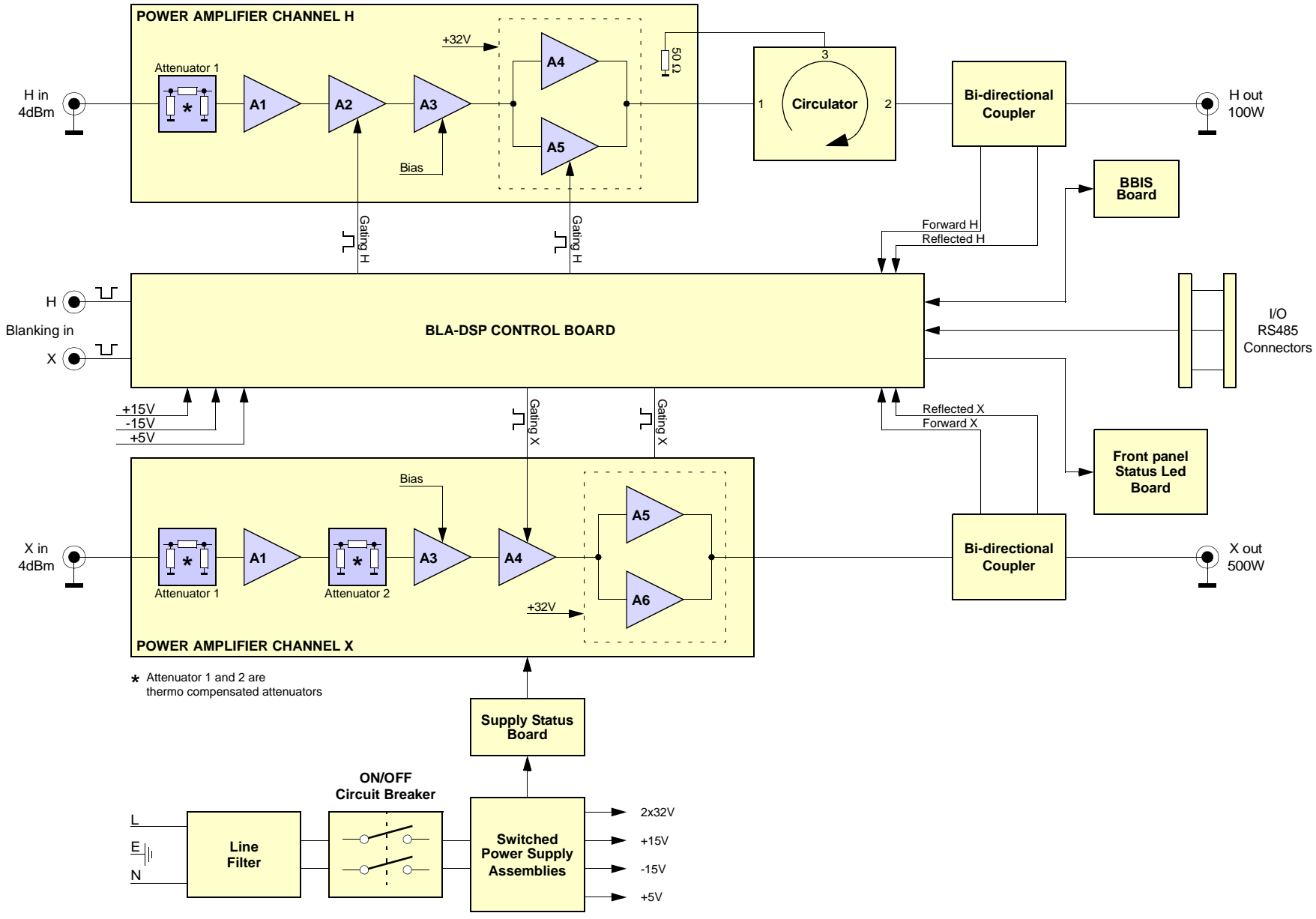


Figure 4.1. BLAXH500/100 System Block Diagram

Theory of Operation**4.2**

RF Path**4.2.1**

The BLAXH500/100 amplifier (P/N : W1345063) consists of two Class AB power amplifiers.

A nominal input power level of +4dBm produce a nominal output power of 500W peak for 6% duty cycle at 100ms pulse width maximum on the X channel output, and a 100W peak for 25% duty cycle at 100ms pulse width maximum on the H channel.

The unit is also capable of longer pulses for lower average power, up to CW at 30W.

RF Power Amplifier Channel X500

In the first section of this power amplifier, the input RF signal is fed through an optional thermo compensated attenuator to a hybrid amplifier followed by a second thermo compensated attenuator and two class A drivers to built a nominal 40dB to 44dB gain block.

In this section, only the second class A driver requires a control board conditioned gating signal to control the bias gate voltage on the gates of the FETs.

The second section of the PA includes two FET transistors.

The circuitry around the transistors consists of complementary input and output transformers and baluns and operates the devices in push-pull.

This section requires a control board conditioned gating signal in order to control the bias gate voltage on the gates of the FETs.

The input-output gain of this section is at nominal 13dB.

The entire RF power amplifier has a nominal 57dB of gain, and operates off +32VDC.

RF Power Amplifier Channel H100

In the first section of this power amplifier, the input RF signal is fed through a thermo compensated attenuator to a hybrid amplifier followed by two class A drivers to built a nominal 40dB gain block.

In this section, only the first class A driver requires a control board conditioned gating signal to control the bias gate voltage on the gate of the FET.

The second section of the PA includes two FET transistors.

The circuitry around the transistors consists of complementary input and output transformers and baluns and operates the devices in push-pull.

This section requires a control board conditioned gating signal in order to control the bias gate voltage on the gates of the FETs.

The input-output gain of this section is at nominal 10dB.

The entire RF power amplifier has a nominal 49dB of gain, and operates off +32VDC.

Circulator on channel H100

A circulator, on the output of the H100 channel, makes this amplifier absolutely unconditionally stable for all conditions of mismatches.

RF Coupler

The bi-directional couplers on the front panel provides an approximate 1V peak DC signal for full output power from the envelope.

The bi-directional couplers also provides peak DC signal for reflected power.

Both signals, forward and reflected, are analyzed by the control board for monitoring and protection setting.

Control Board

4.2.2

The BLA Control Board consists of circuitry to monitor the output characteristics of the amplifiers as determined from the DC peak detection's from the bi-directional couplers, and to condition the input blanking (gating) signals and deliver them to the above mentioned RF Paths.

The monitoring circuitry also serves to process the information from the detection's and protect the amplifier from overstress in peak power, average power versus duty cycle and pulse width, so as reflected power.

The control board also monitors the RF Path heatsink temperature to protect against thermal overstress.

Information from supplies and fan status board also being analyzed by the control board.

If one of the above overstresses, or faults on power supplies or fans, appears, the gating signals are disabled, and the status led board on the front panel displays the fault.

Supply Status Board

4.2.3

This board gives the information of the status of the power supplies.

A defect on one or more of the supplies is read by the control board, and in case of, the gating signals are disabled while the defect is visualized on the front panel led display.

Status Led Board

4.2.4

The Status Led Board, on the front panel of the amplifier, displays overstress functions, supplies status, and so on, as described in section **"Indicators" on page 11.**

Specifications

5

General specifications

5.1

Table 5.1. BLAXH500/100 general specifications channel X500

Frequency range	6 to 365MHz
Linear Gain	57dB typical
Gain Flatness	± 2dB
Peak Pulse Power	500W min. to 300MHz (400 W min. to 365 MHz)
CW Power (limited)	30W max.
Linear Output Power	400W @ 1dB compression typical
Linearity	± 1dB to 400W
Amplifier biasing	Class AB Operation
Input / output Impedance	50Ω
RF Rise Time	< 100ns, 10 - 90% peak power
RF Fall Time	< 50ns, 90 - 10% peak power
Blanking Delay Time	< 1μs typical
Noise Figure	7dB max.
Output Noise Power (unblanked) (blanked)	< -110dBm / Hz Thermal noise
Pulse Width (limited)	60ms @ 500W (up CW @ 30W)
Duty Cycle (limited)	6% @ 500W (up to 100% @ 30W)
Amplitude Droop	< 6% @ 300W for 20ms Pulse width < 3% @ 500W for 1ms Pulse width
Amplitude stability versus temperature	± 0,1% / °C

Specifications

Table 5.2. BLAXH500/100 general specifications channel H100

Frequency range	650 to 900MHz
Linear Gain	49dB typical
Gain Flatness	± 1dB
Peak Pulse Power	100W min. full range
CW Power (limited)	25W max.
Linear Output Power	80W @ 1dB compression typical
Linearity	± 1dB to 80W
Amplifier biasing	Class AB Operation
Input / output Impedance	50Ω
RF Rise Time	< 100ns, 10 - 90% peak power
RF Fall Time	< 50ns, 90 - 10% peak power
Blanking Delay Time	< 1μs typical
Noise Figure	9dB max.
Output Noise Power (unblanked) (blanked)	< -115dBm / Hz unblanked, 20dB over thermal
Pulse Width (limited)	100ms @ 100W (up CW @ 25W)
Duty Cycle (limited)	25% @ 100W (up to 100% @ 25W)
Amplitude Droop	< 4% @ 100W for 20ms pulse width
Amplitude stability v. temperature	± 0,1 % / °C

Table 5.3. BLAXH500/100 Common Specifications

Constant Internal Protection	Supplies faults & Over temperature Forward Power : peak & CW power pulse width duty cycle Reflected Power : peak & CW power
Front Panel Indicators	Amplifier Status Led Board
Front Panel Interfaces	2 x I/O 15-pin subminiature type D connectors
Front Panel controls	AC Line ON / OFF
Front Panel connectors	2 x RF input, 2 x RF output, 2 x gating input
Rear Panel Interface	AC Line in socket
Cooling System	Forced air cooling (from front to rear)
Size	7" H x 19" rack cabinet x 20,4" D (17,8 x 48,3 x 52cm)
Weight	29 kg
Power requirements	180 - 276VAC, single phase 50 - 60Hz

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